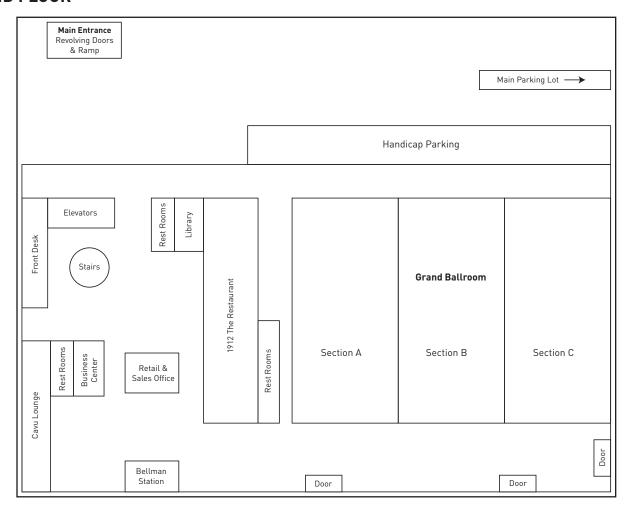
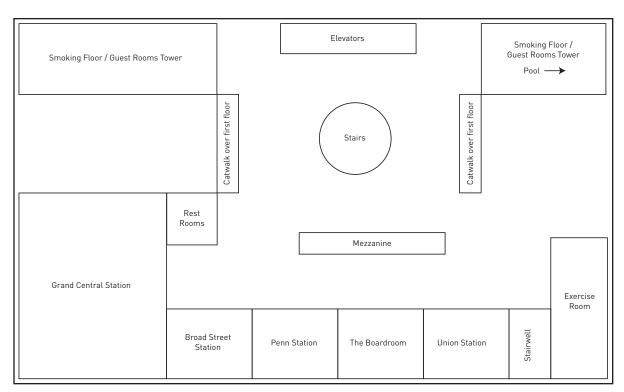
# Crowne Plaza Pensacola Grand Hotel

### **GROUND FLOOR**

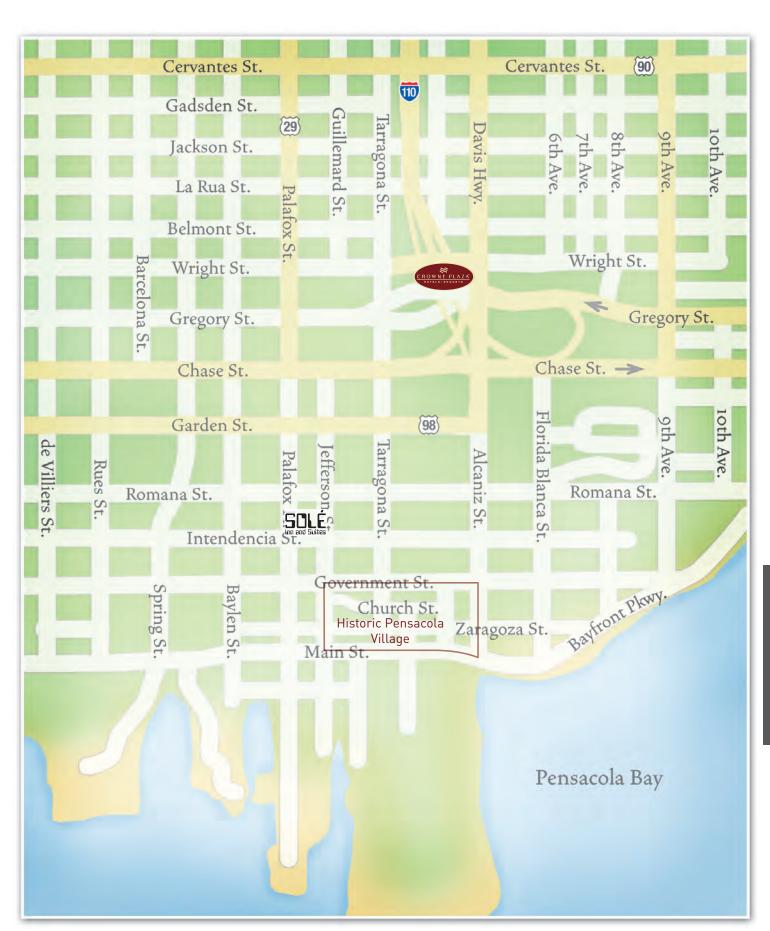


## **SECOND FLOOR**

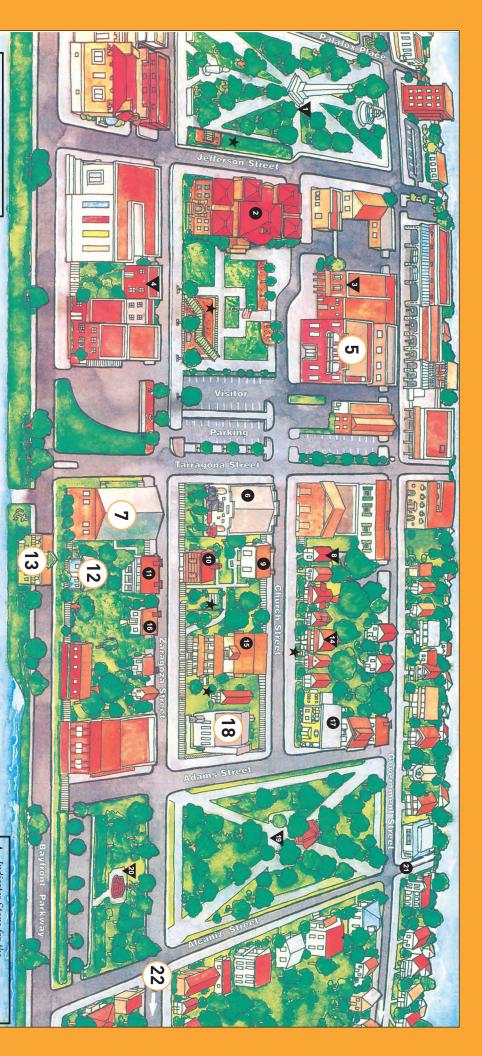


# PENSACOLA MAP

# Pensacola, Florida



# Historic Pensacola Village



- Indicates Points of Interest Indicates Historic Village
- Plaza Ferdinand VII
- 2 T. T. Wentworth, Jr. Florida State Museum

A frican American Her

African American Heritage Society

7 Museum of Commerce (1890)

Lavalle House (1805)

- Pensacola Historical Society Research Center/Beacon Building (1912)
- ' Arbona Building (1881)
- 5 J. Earle Bowden Building Pensacola Historical Museum
- 6 Museum of Industry (1870)
  - Walsh Building
    UWF Public History Center Julee Cottage (1805)Tivoli High House (Reconstructed 1976)
- 3 L&N Marine Terminal (1903) Florida Public Archaeology Network
- Old Christ Church Parish School House (1886) Institute for Innovative Community Learning
- Lear-Rocheblave House (1890)Manuel Barrios Cottage (1888)
- 17 Dorr House(1871)
- 18 Old Christ Church (1832)
- 20 Fountain Park
- Quina House (1821)
- Historic Preservation Society 204 South Alcaniz Street. Pensacola
- 22 Barkley House (1825) • 410 South Florida Blanca Street

★ Indicates Stops for the

Colonial Archeological Trail.

American soldiers occupied these structures. The trailside exhibits highlight features that were a part of the evolving fort construction, which includes kitchen sites, buildings, trash and 1821. During this period, Spanish, British, and This trail is a project of West Florida Historic Preservation, Inc., the City of Pansacola, and the University of West Florida Archaeology Institute. Partial funding was provided by a grant from the Division of Historical Resources, Florida Department of State. The Trail presents evidence of the fortions that existed on these grounds between the years 1752

and Tivoli High House information desks Maps for a walking tour of the Colonial Archaeological Trail are available at the T.T. Wentworth, Jr. Florida State Museun